The Executive Board,

Having considered document EB144XX

RECOMMENDS to the Seventy-second World Health Assembly the adoption of the following resolution:

The Seventy-second World Health Assembly,

(PP0) [Recalling the WHO Constitution which recognizes that the highest attainable standards of health is one of the fundamental rights of every human being, without distinction of race, religion, political belief, economic or social condition] (Switzerland)

(PP0bis) [ADD human rights and development] (Uruguay)

(PP0 co-chairs’) Recalling the WHO Constitution which recognizes that the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of health is one of the fundamental rights of every human being without distinction of race, religion, political belief, economic or social condition.

Accepting Swiss proposal, quoting from the WHO Constitution.

(PPO ALT1)(Uruguay) Reaffirm the right of every human being, without distinction of any kind, to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health and recognize that health is a precondition for and an outcome and indicator of all three dimensions of sustainable development.


(PP1 ALT1) (EU, Norway) Recognizing that through the adoption of the 2030 Agenda and its Sustainable Development Goals in September 2015, Heads of State and Government had made a bold commitment, inter alia, to realise the human rights of all and achieve gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls and [leave no one behind] (EU) to [progressively] (USA)(DEL EU) achieve universal health coverage (UHC) [by 2030] (DEL US), including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health[-care](US)(DEL EU) services, including preventive care, and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all, Heads of State and Government also committed to ensuring, by 2030, [universal access to sexual and reproductive health[-care](DEL EU)](DEL
services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes.

(PP1 ALT3 ADD paragraph on SDG) (Uruguay)

EU, Uruguay, Brazil, Thailand "Recalling the United Nations General Assembly Resolution A/RES/67/81 of 2012 on Foreign Policy and Global Health, which addressed universal health coverage"

Recalling the United Nations General Assembly resolution 71/159 of 15 December 2016, entitled “Global health and foreign policy: health employment and economic growth” (STOP EU, Uruguay), which underlined the primary responsibility of Member States to [promote universal health coverage and] (US)(DEL Peru, Norway) accelerate [the transition towards] (DEL Uruguay, Peru, Norway, Brazil, Ecuador) universal health coverage;

No comments on 23 Nov 2018.

Recalling also the United Nations General Assembly resolution 72/139 of 12 December 2017, entitled “Global health and foreign policy: addressing the health of the most vulnerable for an inclusive society”, in which Member States decided to hold a high-level meeting of the General Assembly in 2019 on universal health coverage;

No comments on 23 Nov 2018.

Recalling further the United Nations General Assembly resolution 72/138 of 12 December 2017, entitled “International Universal Health Coverage Day”, in which Member States decided to proclaim 12 December as International Universal Health Coverage Day;

No comments on 23 Nov 2018.

Reaffirming WHO Member States’ commitment to the Resolution WHA71.1, on Thirteenth General Programme of Work, to support the work towards the achievement of the vision “triple billion” goals [including “one billion more people benefitting from universal health coverage”, as well as further contributing to another “one billion more people enjoying better health and well-being”;] (DEL: Australia, Uruguay) [ADD one billion emergencies] (EU, Switzerland) (DEL each billion, Uruguay, EU) (DEL 13th GPW Uruguay)

Reaffirming WHO Member States’ commitment to the adoption of Resolution WHA71.1 approving the Thirteenth General Programme of Work, which urges Member States to support the work towards the achievement of the vision of the Programme, including the vision “triple billion” goals including of “one billion more people benefitting from universal health coverage”, as well as further contributing to another “one billion more people enjoying better health and well-being”, and “one billion more people better protected from health emergencies”;

(PP5) (US ALT1)
(PP6 co-chairs’) Reaffirming all previous Health Assembly resolutions aimed at promoting physical and mental health and well-being, as well as contributing to the [advancement] (US)/[achievement] (EU) of universal health coverage;

New language, as none previously exists.
Ref: A/RES/70/1, Declaration Section, para 26.

(PP7 ALT2) (EU) Noting with great concern that recent reports and analyses, show that more than half of the world’s population [still lacks access to health services and] (ECU, EU) is still not covered by UHC, including financial protection, and that the current slow progress towards UHC means that we are not on track to achieve Sustainable Development Goal 3.8.

(PP7 ALT3) (US) Noting with great concern recent reports and analyses1, 2, 3 which shows that more than half of the world’s population is still not lacking UHC and with the current progress of extension of population coverage, health services expansion and financial risk protection, many countries will be off-track where UHC are not on track to achieve UHC realized by 2030;

(PP8) Noting especially that current government/[currently available resources] (India) [fiscal space,] / [financing] (USA) [and in particular fiscal space] (DEL: USA) for health, especially in low- and middle-income countries, are not adequate for [progressively] (USA) achieving universal health coverage, as was reflected by high levels of household health spending [and concerned over high levels of household health spending and inefficiencies and inequities that expose people to financial hardships from use of health services] (India). [and impoverishment from paying] (DEL: USA, India) [for health services] (DEL India);

(PP8 ALT1) Noting that health is a major driver of economic growth and that current government mobilization and allocation of financial resources for health, especially in many low- and middle-income countries, is often not adequate for achieving universal health coverage and financial protection of the population (EU, Uruguay, Switzerland, India).

[ADD India’s input to PP8 ALT1]

(PP8 bis) Acknowledging the [important role of and] (US) necessary contribution of non-state actors to the achievement of UHC [national objectives] (Uruguay) and the need in this regard for [joint commitments]/[collaboration] (US, EU, Uruguay) of all relevant stakeholders, including [government] (DEL Uruguay), private sector, academia and civil society; (Switzerland)

(PP8 ter) Recognizing the role of parliamentarians, as part of the governments’ efforts and actions, in advancing the UHC agenda. (Bangladesh)

(PP9) Noting that investment in strong [, transparent, accountable,] (Norway) and effective health service delivery systems, including an adequately distributed, skilled, motivated, and fit-for-purpose health workforce, as well as access to medicines and vaccines are key elements for achieving UHC. (EU)
(PP9 bis) Recognizing that effective and financially sustainable implementation of UHC is based on a resilient and responsive health system with capacities for broad public health measures, prevention of diseases, health protection, health promotion, and addressing of determinants of health through policies across sectors, including promotion of the health literacy of the population. (EU)

(PP9 ter) Noting that increasingly complex and protracted crises and conflicts hinder achievement of UHC and that health systems strengthening in fragile settings[, if need be through international cooperation,] (Bangladesh, DEL: Uruguay, EU) is [particularly] (DEL: India) important. (EU)

(PP10) [Recalling] / [Noting] (EU) / [Welcoming] (Uruguay, India, US) the Astana [and the Alma-Ata] (Ecuador, Uruguay) Declaration[s] (Ecuador) on primary health care [and reaffirming the commitments made in it] (India, Bangladesh), and recognizing the important/[critical] (India, Uruguay) role of primary health care [as an integral part and base of health systems] (Ecuador)/[as an integral part of UHC](Uruguay), which provides equitable access to [a] (DEL: USA, EU) comprehensive [set of] (DEL: USA, EU) integrated health [care] (USA) services including [disease] (Bangladesh) prevention, health promotion, curative care, rehabilitation, palliative care, and disease surveillance, which contribute to the health of the population;
[ADD health for all and leaving no one behind] (Kazakhstan, US)

(PP10 bis) Recognizing that health is a precondition for and an outcome and indicator of all three dimensions—economic, social, and environmental—of sustainable development, and that despite progress made, challenges in global health, including major inequities and vulnerabilities within and among countries, regions and populations, still remain and demand persistent attention, and countries should work to strengthen their health systems as a way to accelerate progress towards UHC (Ecuador).

(PP10 ter) Recognizing that patient safety is essential to achieving UHC and access to quality promotive, preventive, curative, as well as rehabilitation services and palliative care. (EU)

(PP10 quarter) Recognizing that achieving UHC will not be possible without appropriately addressing the prevention and control of communicable and noncommunicable diseases, including mental health [, neglected tropical diseases] (Bangladesh), as well as antimicrobial resistance through prudent use of antimicrobials. (EU)

(PP10 quinquies) Noting that UHC includes financial risk protection, access to quality essential health services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all. (EU)

(OP1) URGES Member States:¹

(OP1.1) to fully engage in and support the process of developing a [an action-oriented] (India, Uruguay) political declaration to [achieve UHC] (DEL: US, Uruguay, RETAIN: EU, Norway) [to be agreed in advance by consensus through intergovernmental negotiations and approved] (India, DEL: Uruguay) at the high-level meeting of the General Assembly in 2019 on universal health coverage; [and ensure participation at a high level] (EU, Uruguay, DEL: Bangladesh)
[ADD to pursue each countries’ path towards UHC] (US)

¹ and regional economic integration organizations.
To implement strategies, plans, interventions to advocate for health as part of the multisectoral agenda in order to address the social, environmental, and economic determinants of health (Ecuador)

To engage in order to implement the UHC2030 Joint vision for healthy lives by strengthening health systems through action across the domains of service delivery, health financing and governance and strengthening health system resilience to respond to emergencies and prevent health crises. (EU)


To mobilize appropriate financial resources for [the promotion of sustainable health systems] (Switzerland, Uruguay) [health promotion, prevention, treatment, rehabilitation, and palliative care] (Switzerland, Uruguay) [at all relevant levels of government] (Switzerland) and to [ensure] (India) sufficient, effective, efficient and equitable, [transparent] (Norway), [and accountable] (Switzerland) allocation of these resources in order to [help] (Norway) achieve UHC and/[including] (India) financial risk protection [of the population] (India). (EU)

To promote the efficiency, transparency and accountability of health financing governing systems and health systems (Switzerland).

To further invest in and strengthen primary health care [which is the most inclusive, effective and efficient approach to enhance people’s physical and mental health, as well as social well-being, and is the corner stone of a sustainable health system for achieving health-related SDGs including UHC] (India) for/[by] (India) providing [a comprehensive set] (Russia) [of primary] (Russia) health care services that are of high quality, safe, [comprehensive] (Kazakhstan) integrated, accessible, available and affordable for everyone everywhere, [with effective referral systems to secondary and tertiary care [as envisaged in the Astana Declaration to achieve health for all and leaving no one behind] (India) [to achieve health and well-being for all by] (EU) [to take measures to implement the principles of the Declaration of Astana into national policies] (EU, Uruguay)/[implementing the Declaration of Astana on PHC] (Uruguay, India); [to endorse]/[to take note of] (EU) the Declaration of Astana on PHC at the high-level meeting of the General Assembly in 2019 on UHC in support of global efforts to reach UHC in solidarity and coordination with stakeholders [in finalizing and implementation the Operational Framework: Transforming Vision into Action on PHC] (Kazakhstan, Uruguay, Russia, EU) [ADD health determinants] (EU) [ADD people-centred health care] (EU)

To strengthen their institutional [capacities] (USA) [on health technology assessment] (USA) in order to prioritize and invest [on] (USA) [in] (USA) cost-effective interventions and achieve efficiency; [including assessing the appropriate role of technology in scaling up interventions] (USA)

[ADD integration of health information systems] (Brazil, Uruguay, EU)
[ADD promoting health literacy] (EU)
[ADD taking into account pre-assessed technologies by WHO] (Russia)
[MOVE to PP] (Philippines)

(OP1.4 bis) [ADD healthy work force] (EU)

(OP1.5) to strengthen their monitoring and evaluation platforms to support the [regular] / [appropriate] (USA) monitoring [and evaluation] (USA) of their progress in improving an equitable access to health [care] (USA) services and [financial risk protection,] / [support against financial risk,] (USA) [their] (DEL: USA) review of achievement and challenges, and the regular re-setting of their targets in achieving UHC by 2030;

(OP1.5 bis) [To accelerate progress towards UHC for people affected by armed conflicts, fragile settings, health and other emergencies;] (Switzerland)

(OP1.6) [To make the best use of the annual International Universal Health Coverage Day to convene multi-stakeholder in-country conferences, meetings or workshops, in order] (DEL: Switzerland)

to raise awareness of the need for strong and resilient health systems and universal health coverage, review progress, achievement and challenges, and set their annual targets and actions to rectify the gaps in progressive realization of UHC according to national context. [and priorities] (USA) [, for example by convening multi-stakeholder in-country conferences, meetings or workshops and making the best use of the annual IUHC Day] (Switzerland) (REFOCUS: Less detail, and part of broader efforts) (EU, Uruguay)

(OP2) Call upon [UN, IFIs and] (Uruguay) international development partners to harmonize and synergize their support to countries to realize UHC progressively [through improving [capacity building] (Iran) the quality of their technical assistance and support.] (DEL: USA)
[, as well as transfer of technology] (Iran)
[ADD multi-stakeholder and multisectoral action] (USA)
[ADD SDG 3+ Global Action Plan] (EU)

(OP2 bis) [Call upon international development partners to align countries priorities to improve collaboration mechanism based on evidence, and in particular to avoid triggering a crowding out effect in terms domestic funding.] (Switzerland)

(OP3) REQUESTS the Director-General:

(OP3.1) To produce a monitoring report on UHC to be discussed at the HLM in 2019;

(OP3.2) To support the learning and sharing of UHC experiences across WHO Member States;

(OP3.2.bis) [ADD reference to the one billion people benefiting from UHC mentioned in GPW13] (EU)
(OP3.3) To make the best use of International UHC Day to drive UHC agenda, in order to raise awareness of the need for strong and resilient health systems and universal health coverage, and to review progress, achievement and challenges to help Member States implement progressive realization of UHC according to national context; [REFOCUS change priority: including by making use of the day] (EU)

(OP3.4) To report the biennial progress in implementing [this resolution,] [on the outcomes of the HLM on UHC] (Russia) starting from [74th] / [73rd] (Russia) World Health Assembly until [2030] (Japan) / [2026] (Russia).
[ADD as part of existing reporting on WHA69.11] (Australia)

REFERENCES